ST0024/V1.2

Draft end-point assessment plan for the Electrical and electronic engineer (degree) apprenticeship

Apprenticeship reference	Level of this end-point assessment	
number	(EPA)	Integration
		Degree-
ST0024	6	apprenticeship

Contents

Hide menu

- 1. Introduction and overview
- 2. EPA summary table
- 3. Duration of end-point assessment period
- 4. EPA gateway
- 5. Order of assessment methods
- 6. Project with report, presentation and questioning
- 7. Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
- 8. Grading
- 9. Overall EPA grading
- 10. EPA degree apprenticeship aggregation
- 11. Re-sits and re-takes
- 12. Roles and responsibilities
- 13. Reasonable adjustments
- 14. Internal quality assurance
- 15. Value for money
- 16. Professional recognition
- 17. Mapping of KSBs to assessment methods
- 18. Mapping of KSBs to grade themes

Introduction and overview

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This document explains the requirements for end-point assessment (EPA) for the electrical and electronic engineer (degree) degree-apprenticeship. End-point assessment organisations (EPAOs) must follow this when designing and delivering the EPA.

Electrical and electronic engineer (degree) apprentices, their employers and training provider should read this document.

A degree-apprenticeship awards a degree with the achievement of the apprenticeship. The degree learning outcomes must be aligned with the knowledge, skills and behaviours (KSBs) in the apprenticeship. The degree must be completed, passed and awarded alongside the electrical and electronic engineer (degree) degree-apprenticeship.

The apprentice must complete their training and meet the gateway requirements before starting their EPA. The EPA will assess occupational competence.

A degree-apprenticeship must be delivered by a Higher Education Provider (HEP) that is on the apprenticeship providers and assessment register (APAR). The selected HEP must be the training provider and the EPAO. The apprentice's employer must select a HEP from this register.

If the HEP is using a credit framework, the EPA must contribute to the total credit value, and must be delivered in line with this EPA plan. However, the number of credits devoted to EPA may vary across HEP's. The recommended EPA contribution is 10% of the total credit value.

A full-time electrical and electronic engineer (degree) apprentice typically spends 42 months on-programme. The apprentice must spend at least 12 months on-programme and complete the required amount of off-the-job training in line with the apprenticeship funding rules.

This EPA should be completed within an EPA period lasting typically 6 months.

Occupational competence is outlined by the EPA grade descriptors and determined, when assessed in line with this EPA plan, by an independent assessor who is an occupational expert and confirms the overall EPA grade.

This EPA has 2 assessment methods.

Assessment method 1 - project with report, presentation and questioning:

fail

pass

Assessment method 2 - professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence:

- fail
- pass
- distinction

The result from each assessment method is combined to decide the overall degreeapprenticeship grade. The following grades are available for the degree-apprenticeship:

- fail
- pass
- distinction

EPA summary table

Edit epa gateway formEdit available grades formEdit overall epa grading formEdit re-sits and re-takes form

	The apprentice must:
	 complete training to develop the knowledge, skills and behaviours (KSBs) outlined in this degree-apprenticeship's standard
	 complete training towards English and mathematics qualifications in line with the apprenticeship funding rules
	compile a portfolio of evidence
	 work towards all required elements of the electrical and electronic engineer (degree) degree- apprenticeship except undertaking the EPA.
	The qualification required is:
On-programme - typically 42 months	BEng or BSc Honours Electrical and Electronic Engineer degree that fully aligns with the KSBs
End-point assessment gateway	The apprentice's employer must be content that the apprentice is occupationally competent. The apprentice must:

- · confirm they are ready to take the EPA
- have achieved English and mathematics qualifications in line with the apprenticeship funding rules
- have completed and passed all required elements of the electrical and electronic engineer (degree) degreeapprenticeship except the EPA

For the project with report, presentation and questioning, the apprentice must submit a project brief. To ensure the project allows the apprentice to meet the KSBs mapped to this assessment method to the highest available grade, the EPAO should sign-off the project's title and scope at the gateway to confirm it is suitable. A brief project summary must be submitted to the EPAO. It should be no more than 500 words. This needs to show that the project will provide the opportunity for the apprentice to cover the KSBs mapped to this assessment method. It is not assessed.

For the professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence, the apprentice must submit a portfolio of evidence.

Gateway evidence must be submitted to the EPAO, along with any organisation specific policies and procedures requested by the EPAO.

The grades available for each assessment method are below

Project with report, presentation and questioning:

- fail
- pass

Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence:

- fail
- pass
- distinction

Overall EPA and degree-apprenticeship can be graded:

- o fail
- o pass

End-point assessment typically 6 months

	o distinction
Professional recognition	This degree-apprenticeship aligns with: Institute of Engineering and Technology (IET) for Incorporated Engineer (IEng)
Re-sits and re-takes	The details for re-sits and re-takes are below: • re-take and re-sit grade cap: pass • re-sit timeframe: typically 3 months • re-take timeframe: typically 6 months

Duration of end-point assessment period

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The EPA is taken in the EPA period. The EPA period starts when the EPAO confirms the gateway requirements have been met and is typically 6 months.

The EPAO should confirm the gateway requirements have been met and start the EPA as quickly as possible.

EPA gateway

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The apprentice's employer must be content that the apprentice is occupationally competent. That is, they are deemed to be working at or above the level set out in the apprenticeship standard and ready to undertake the EPA. The employer may take advice from the apprentice's training provider, but the employer must make the decision. The apprentice will then enter the gateway.

The apprentice must meet the gateway requirements before starting their EPA.

They must:

- · confirm they are ready to take the EPA
- have achieved English and mathematics qualifications in line with the apprenticeship funding rules
- have completed and passed all required elements of the BEng or BSc Honours
 Electrical and Electronic Engineer degree that fully aligns with the KSBs degree apprenticeship except the EPA
- submit a project brief for the project with report, presentation and questioning

 submit a portfolio of evidence for the professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

Portfolio of evidence requirements:

The apprentice must compile a portfolio of evidence during the on-programme period of the apprenticeship. It should only contain evidence related to the KSBs that will be assessed by the professional discussion. It will typically contain 8 discrete pieces of evidence. Evidence must be mapped against the KSBs. Evidence may be used to demonstrate more than one KSB; a qualitative as opposed to quantitative approach is suggested.

Evidence sources may include workplace documentation and records, for example:

- workplace policies and procedures
- witness statements
- annotated photographs
- video clips with a maximum total duration 10 minutes; the apprentice must be in view and identifiable

This is not a definitive list; other evidence sources can be included.

The portfolio of evidence should not include reflective accounts or any methods of self-assessment. Any employer contributions should focus on direct observation of performance, for example, witness statements, rather than opinions. The evidence provided should be valid and attributable to the apprentice; the portfolio of evidence should contain a statement from the employer and apprentice confirming this.

The EPAO should not assess the portfolio of evidence directly as it underpins the discussion. The independent assessor should review the portfolio of evidence to prepare questions for the discussion. They are not required to provide feedback after this review.

Gateway evidence must be submitted to the EPAO, along with any organisation specific policies and procedures requested by the EPAO.

Order of assessment methods

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The assessment methods can be delivered in any order. The result of one assessment method does not need to be known before starting the next.

Project with report, presentation and questioning

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Overview

The project assessment method involves the apprentice completing a significant and defined piece of work that has a real business application and benefit. This process may include for example, research, analysis and the completion of tasks or activities to achieve the outcome. The assessment method will have an output at the end of the defined piece of work. The work completed for the project assessment method must meet the needs of the employer's business and be relevant to the apprentice's occupation and apprenticeship.

This assessment method has 2 components:

- completion of the defined piece of work for the project with a project output
- completion of the defined piece of work for the presentation with questions and answers

Together, these components give the apprentice the opportunity to demonstrate the KSBs mapped to this assessment method. They are assessed by an independent assessor.

Rationale

This assessment method is being used because:

- it allows for the assessment of KSBs that take place over a long period of time
- it allows for a broad set of KSBs to be evidenced during the post-gateway period
- it assesses KSBs holistically
- it can produce something that is of genuine business benefit to the apprentice's employer

Delivery

The apprentice must complete a project based on any of the following:

- a specific problem or recurring issue related to a product, or a research or development project, for example a continuous improvement project or product system update
- a new project such as the implementation of a product or technology (depending on size this may only cover a certain aspect of the project)
- a feasibility study such as investigating a new piece of equipment or technology

To ensure the project allows the apprentice to meet the KSBs mapped to this assessment method to the highest available grade, the EPAO must sign-off the project's

title and scope at the gateway to confirm it is suitable. The EPAO must refer to the grading descriptors to ensure that projects are pitched appropriately.

The project output must be in the form of a report and presentation.

The apprentice must start the project after the gateway. The employer should ensure the apprentice has the time and resources, within the project period, to plan and complete their project.

The apprentice may work as part of a team to complete the project, which could include internal colleagues or technical experts. The apprentice must however, complete their project report and presentation unaided and they must be reflective of their own role and contribution. The apprentice and their employer must confirm this when the report and any presentation materials are submitted.

Component 1: Project report

The report must include at least:

- an executive summary (or abstract)
- an introduction
- the scope of the project (including key performance indicators, aims and objectives)
- a project plan
- · research outcomes
- data analysis outcomes
- project outcomes
- discussion of findings
- recommendations and conclusions
- references
- appendix containing mapping of KSBs to the report.

The project report must have a word count of 9000 words. A tolerance of 10% above or below is allowed at the apprentice's discretion. Appendices, references and diagrams are not included in this total. The apprentice must produce and include a mapping in an appendix, showing how the report evidences the KSBs mapped to this assessment method.

The apprentice must complete and submit the report and any presentation materials to the EPAO by the end of week 20 of the EPA period.

Component 2: Presentation with questions

The presentation with questions must be structured to give the apprentice the opportunity to demonstrate the KSBs mapped to this assessment method to the highest available grade.

The apprentice must prepare and deliver a presentation to an independent assessor. After the presentation, the independent assessor must ask the apprentice questions about their project, report and presentation.

The presentation should cover:

- an overview of the project
- the project scope (including key performance indicators)
- summary of actions undertaken by the apprentice
- · project outcomes and how these were achieved

The presentation with questions must last 60 minutes. This will typically include a presentation of 20 minutes and questioning lasting 40 minutes. The independent assessor must use the full time available for questioning. The independent assessor can increase the time of the presentation and questioning by up to 10%. This time is to allow the apprentice to complete their last point or respond to a question if necessary.

The independent assessor must ask at least 5 questions. They must use the questions from the EPAO's question bank or create their own questions in line with the EPAO's training. Follow up questions are allowed where clarification is required.

The purpose of the independent assessor's questions is:

- to verify that the activity was completed by the apprentice
- to seek clarification where required
- to assess those KSBs that the apprentice did not have the opportunity to demonstrate with the report, although these should be kept to a minimum
- to assess level of competence against the grading descriptors

The apprentice must submit any presentation materials to the EPAO at the same time as the report - by the end of week 20 of the EPA period. The apprentice must notify the EPAO, at that point, of any technical requirements for the presentation.

During the presentation, the apprentice must have access to:

- audio-visual presentation equipment
- flip chart and writing and drawing materials

computer

The independent assessor must have at least 2 weeks to review the project report and any presentation materials, to allow them to prepare questions.

The apprentice must be given at least 2 days' notice of the presentation with questions.

The apprentice may choose to end the presentation early. The apprentice must be confident they have demonstrated competence against the assessment requirements for the assessment method. The independent assessor or EPAO must ensure the apprentice is fully aware of all assessment requirements. The independent assessor or EPAO cannot suggest or choose to end the assessment methods early, unless in an emergency. The EPAO is responsible for ensuring the apprentice understands the implications of ending an assessment early if they choose to do so. The independent assessor may suggest the assessment continues. The independent assessor must document the apprentice's request to end the assessment early.

Assessment decision

The independent assessor must make the grading decision. They must assess the project components holistically when deciding the grade.

The independent assessor must keep accurate records of the assessment. They must record:

- the KSBs demonstrated in the report and presentation with questions
- the apprentice's answers to questions
- · the grade achieved

Assessment location

The presentation with questions must take place in a suitable venue selected by the EPAO for example, the EPAO's or employer's premises. It should take place in a quiet room, free from distractions and influence.

The presentation with questions can be conducted by video conferencing. The EPAO must have processes in place to verify the identity of the apprentice and ensure the apprentice is not being aided.

Question and resource development

The EPAO must develop a purpose-built assessment specification and question bank. It is recommended this is done in consultation with employers of this occupation. The EPAO must maintain the security and confidentiality of EPA materials when consulting with employers. The assessment specification and question bank must be reviewed at least once a year to ensure they remain fit-for-purpose.

The assessment specification must be relevant to the occupation and demonstrate how to assess the KSBs mapped to this assessment method. The EPAO must ensure that questions are refined and developed to a high standard. The questions must be unpredictable. A question bank of sufficient size will support this.

The EPAO must ensure that the apprentice has a different set of questions in the case of re-sits or re-takes.

EPAO must produce the following materials to support the project:

- independent assessor EPA materials which include:
 - o training materials
 - administration materials
 - moderation and standardisation materials
 - o guidance materials
 - o grading guidance
 - o question bank
- EPA guidance for the apprentice and the employer

The EPAO must ensure that the EPA materials are subject to quality assurance procedures including standardisation and moderation.

Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

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Overview

In the professional discussion, an independent assessor and apprentice have a formal two-way conversation. It gives the apprentice the opportunity to demonstrate the KSBs mapped to this assessment method.

Rationale

This assessment method is being used because:

- it assesses KSBs holistically and objectively
- it allows for the assessment of KSBs that do not occur on a predictable or regular basis
- it allows for assessment of responses where there are a range of potential answers
- it can be conducted remotely, potentially reducing cost

Delivery

The professional discussion must be structured to give the apprentice the opportunity to demonstrate the KSBs mapped to this assessment method to the highest available grade.

An independent assessor must conduct and assess the professional discussion.

The purpose of the independent assessor's questions will be to assess the apprentice's competence against the following themes:

- electrical and electronic activities
- problem solving and improvement
- values and professional behaviours

The EPAO must give an apprentice 2 weeks' notice of the professional discussion.

The independent assessor must have at least 2 weeks to review the supporting documentation.

The apprentice must have access to their portfolio of evidence during the professional discussion.

The apprentice can refer to and illustrate their answers with evidence from their portfolio of evidence however, the portfolio of evidence is not directly assessed.

The professional discussion must last for 60 minutes. The independent assessor can increase the time of the professional discussion by up to 10%. This time is to allow the apprentice to respond to a question if necessary.

The independent assessor must explain to the apprentice the format and timescales of the professional discussion before it starts. This does not count towards the assessment time.

The independent assessor must ask at least 5 questions. The independent assessor must use the questions from the EPAO's question bank or create their own questions in line with the EPAO's training. Follow-up questions are allowed where clarification is required.

The apprentice may choose to end the assessment method early. The apprentice must be confident they have demonstrated competence against the assessment requirements for the assessment method. The independent assessor or EPAO must ensure the apprentice is fully aware of all assessment requirements. The independent assessor or EPAO cannot suggest or choose to end the assessment methods early, unless in an emergency. The EPAO is responsible for ensuring the apprentice understands the implications of ending an assessment early if they choose to do so. The

independent assessor may suggest the assessment continues. The independent assessor must document the apprentice's request to end the assessment early.

The independent assessor must make the grading decision.

The independent assessor must keep accurate records of the assessment. They must record:

- the apprentice's answers to questions
- the KSBs demonstrated in answers to questions
- the grade achieved

Assessment location

The professional discussion must take place in a suitable venue selected by the EPAO for example, the EPAO's or employer's premises.

The professional discussion can be conducted by video conferencing. The EPAO must have processes in place to verify the identity of the apprentice and ensure the apprentice is not being aided.

The professional discussion should take place in a quiet room, free from distractions and influence.

Question and resource development

The EPAO must develop a purpose-built assessment specification and question bank. It is recommended this is done in consultation with employers of this occupation. The EPAO must maintain the security and confidentiality of EPA materials when consulting with employers. The assessment specification and question bank must be reviewed at least once a year to ensure they remain fit-for-purpose.

The assessment specification must be relevant to the occupation and demonstrate how to assess the KSBs mapped to this assessment method. The EPAO must ensure that questions are refined and developed to a high standard. The questions must be unpredictable. A question bank of sufficient size will support this.

The EPAO must ensure that the apprentice has a different set of questions in the case of re-sits or re-takes.

The EPAO must produce the following materials to support the professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence:

- independent assessor assessment materials which include:
 - training materials
 - administration materials

- o moderation and standardisation materials
- o guidance materials
- o grading guidance
- o question bank
- EPA guidance for the apprentice and the employer

The EPAO must ensure that the EPA materials are subject to quality assurance procedures including standardisation and moderation.

Grading

Edit add grade descriptor formEdit mapping of ksbs to grade themes formEdit available grades form

Project with report, presentation and questioning

Fail - does not meet pass criteria

Theme KSBs	Pass Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors
	Uses scientific and engineering principles to observe, record and draw accurate and auditable conclusions from data evidence, including data derived from simulation software. (K6, K17, S5)
	Uses mechanical principles and applications to ensure components or systems will function safely, reliably and efficiently to support the project brief. (K3, S23)
	Collates, stores, uses and presents data and supporting documentation to support the project and its' progress. (K8, S3)
Project delivery K3 K4 K6 K7 K8 K15 K16 K17 K22 K24 K27 S1 S3 S4 S5 S9 S13 S15 S19 S23	Manages project documentation, creating, maintaining, reviewing and analysing documentation to support the project needs and in line with company procedures. (K27, S13)

Thomas	Pass
Theme	Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors
	Analyses conceptual ideas or technical requirements, and selects materials, resources, equipment, components, processes, methods and technologies which enable the successful translation of those ideas or requirements into a developmental outcome, operational design, or specification for system or components (K4, K22, S1, S9) Interprets and produces technical documentation including CAD models, to achieve the project brief. (K7, K16, S4) Uses written communication techniques suitable for the context, adapting style, format and terminology to suit audience. (K24, S15) Considers and includes management of change requirements in order to meet the project brief. (K15, S19)
	Promotes a healthy and safe working environment by complying with safe systems of work, and embedding safety and security legislation, regulations and standards into working practices. (K1, K2, S8, B1)
Safety and sustainability K1 K2 K26 S8 S20 B1 B 7	Complies with environmental and sustainability legislation, regulations and standards, leading by example by embedding sustainable approaches in their response to the project brief. (K26, S20, B7)

Theme KSBs	Pass Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors
Leadership and management K9 K18 S6 S7	Manages the project, taking into account factors such as planning, safety, quality, cost, performance and sustainability as required. Applies processes such as escalation, risk management and mitigation as appropriate to ensure the project is delivered on time and to the agreed project brief. (K9, K18, S6, S7)

Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

Fail - does not meet pass criteria

Theme KSBs	Pass Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors	Distinction Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors and all of the distinction descriptors
Electrical and electronic activities K20 K28 K29 K30 S1 1 S21	Explains how they carry out pre-operational checks to electrical and electronic engineering systems and equipment in line with organisational and manufacturer's guidelines. (K28, S11) Explains how they ensure equipment is managed and maintained in line with	Analyses the importance and benefits to the organisation of developing and complying with maintenance strategies. (S21)

Theme KSBs	Pass Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors	Distinction Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors and all of the distinction descriptors
	organisational processes and procedures. (S21) Explains the principles of control and instrumentation in an electrical and electronic engineering environment. (K20) Explains the principles of digital and embedded systems and software development and testing in an electrical and electronic engineering environment. (K29, K30)	
Problem solving and improvement K10 K11 K13 K1 4 S2 S10 S12 S22 B2 B3	Describes how they selected and applied problem-solving methods that met the needs of a project, and how they were agile and resilient in dealing with these situations as they arose. (K11, S2, B3) Explains how they manage continuous improvement activities to electrical or electronic products, systems or components in	Justifies their approach to problem-solving and critically evaluates its effectiveness. (K11, S2)

		Distinction Apprentices must
	Pass	demonstrate all of the pass
Theme	Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass	descriptors and all of the distinction
KSBs	descriptors	descriptors
	line with organisational procedures. (K10, S12)	
	Explains how they optimise safety, efficiency, performance, productivity and sustainability of processes or procedures. (K13, S22)	
	Explains how they take responsibility for the compliance and quality of work, and enable others to meet these standards, through applying quality management and assurance processes during the electrical or electronic engineering process. (K14, S10, B2)	
Values and professional behaviours K5 K12 K19 K21 K 23 K25 S14 S16 S17 S18 B4 B 5 B6	Explains how they communicate with others verbally in an electrical and electronic engineering environment, how they match style to audience and overcome barriers to support relationships and deliver outcomes using	Evaluates their approach to CPD and explains how they keep up to date with emerging technologies. (K19, S17)

		Distinction
Theme KSBs	Pass Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors	Apprentices must demonstrate all of the pass descriptors and all of the distinction descriptors
	correct engineering terminology. (K5, S14) Explains how they apply and promote policies and practices to support equity, diversity and inclusion and how they support the needs and concerns of others. (K25, S18, B4) Explains how they identify and complete opportunities for personal and professional development, including in emerging technologies, and explains how they support the development of others in line with organisational procedures. (K12, K19, S17, B5) Explains how they have led teams, collaborated with colleagues and stakeholders and how they strategically manage differing and competing interests with others whilst acting in an	
	ethical and professional manner. (K21, K23, S16, B6)	

Overall EPA grading

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Performance in the EPA determines the overall grade of:

- fail
- pass
- distinction

An independent assessor must individually grade the project with report, presentation and questioning and professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence in line with this EPA plan.

An independent assessor must individually grade the

- Project with report, presentation and questioning An independent assessor must individually grade the
 - o Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

The EPAO must combine the individual assessment method grades to determine the overall EPA grade.

If the apprentice fails one assessment method or more, they will be awarded an overall fail.

To achieve an overall pass, the apprentice must achieve at least a pass in all the assessment methods. To achieve an overall distinction, the apprentice must achieve at least a pass in the project with report, presentation and questioning, and a distinction in the professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence.

Grades from individual assessment methods must be combined in the following way to determine the grade of the EPA overall.

Project with report, presentation and questioning	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence	Overall Grading
Any grade	Fail	Fail
Fail	Any grade	Fail
Pass	Pass	Pass
Pass	Distinction	Distinction

EPA degree apprenticeship aggregation

Edit epa degree apprenticeship aggregation form

The outcome of the EPA must be aggregated with the degree to enable the degreeapprenticeship to be awarded.

Once the overall EPA grade has been determined, aggregation can be achieved in a variety of ways. This will be determined during the creation of the degreeapprenticeship. Examples of how this aggregation can work include:

- each assessment method grade, and therefore the overall EPA grade, can be converted to marks or percentages however these must be an absolute figure and not a range
- alternatively, the overall EPA grade can be used directly

HEPs can explore other ways of aggregating the EPA with the degree outcomes in line with the latest IfATE degree-apprenticeship policy

Re-sits and re-takes

Edit re-sits and re-takes form

If the apprentice fails one assessment method or more, they can take a re-sit or a retake at their employer's discretion. The apprentice's employer needs to agree that a resit or re-take is appropriate. A re-sit does not need further learning, whereas a re-take does. The apprentice should have a supportive action plan to prepare for a re-sit or a retake.

The employer and the EPAO should agree the timescale for a re-sit or re-take. A re-sit is typically taken within 3 months of the EPA outcome notification. The timescale for a retake is dependent on how much re-training is required and is typically taken within 6 months of the EPA outcome notification.

If the apprentice fails the project assessment method, they must amend the project output in line with the independent assessor's feedback. The apprentice will be given 12 weeks to rework and submit the amended report.

Failed assessment methods must be re-sat or re-taken within a 6-month period from the EPA outcome notification, otherwise the entire EPA will need to be re-sat or re-taken in full.

Re-sits and re-takes are not offered to an apprentice wishing to move from pass to a higher grade.

The apprentice will get a maximum EPA grade of pass if they need to re-sit or re-take one or more assessment methods, unless the EPAO determines there are exceptional circumstances.

Roles and responsibilities

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Roles	Responsibilities
	As a minimum, the apprentice should:
	complete on-programme training to meet the KSBs as outlined in the apprenticeship standard for a minimum of 12 months
	complete the required amount of off-the-job training specified by the apprenticeship funding rules as arranged by the employer and training provider
	understand the purpose and importance of EPA
	 prepare for and undertake the EPA including meeting all gateway requirements
	ensure that all supporting evidence required at the
Apprentice	gateway is submitted in accordance with this EPA plan
	As a minimum, the apprentice's employer must:
	select the EPAO (and therefore training provider)
	work with the training provider (where applicable) to support the apprentice in the workplace and to provide the opportunities for the apprentice to develop the KSBs
	arrange and support off-the-job training to be undertaken by the apprentice
	decide when the apprentice is working at or above the the occupational competence and is ready for EPA
	ensure the apprentice is prepared for the EPA
	ensure that all supporting evidence required at the gateway is submitted in accordance with this EPA plan
Employer	confirm arrangements with the EPAO for the EPA (who, when, where) in a timely manner

Roles	Responsibilities
	 provide access to any employer-specific documentation as required, for example company policies)
	ensure that the EPA is scheduled with the EPAO for a date and time which allows appropriate opportunity for the apprentice to meet the KSBs.
	ensure the apprentice is given sufficient time away from regular duties to prepare for, and complete the EPA
	ensure that any required supervision during the EPA period, as stated within this EPA plan, is in place
	ensure the apprentice has access to the resources used to fulfil their role and carry out the EPA for workplace based assessments
	remain independent from the delivery of the EPA
	pass the certificate to the apprentice upon receipt from the EPAO
	As a minimum, the EPAO (HEP) must:
	 conform to the requirements of the register of end- point assessment organisations (RoEPAO)
	conform to the requirements of this EPA plan and deliver its requirements in a timely manner
	 conform to the requirements of the external quality assurance provider (EQAP)
	understand the degree-apprenticeship, including the apprenticeship standard, EPA plan and funding
	make all necessary contractual arrangements, including agreeing the price of the EPA
EPAO - HEP	develop and produce assessment materials including specifications and marking materials (for example mark schemes, practice materials, training material)

Roles	Responsibilities
	maintain and apply a policy for the declaration and management of conflict of interests and independence which ensures, as a minimum, no personal benefit or detriment is received by those delivering the EPA or from the result of an assessment and covers:
	o apprentices
	o employers
	o assessors
	o the HEP's role as a training provider
	 any other roles involved in delivery or grading of the EPA
	have quality assurance systems and procedures that ensure fair, reliable and consistent assessment and maintain records of IQA activity for external quality assurance (EQA) purposes
	appoint independent, competent and suitably qualified assessors in line with the requirements of this EPA plan
	where required to facilitate the EPA, appoint administrators, invigilators and any other roles
	deliver induction, initial and on-going training for all assessors, and if used administrators and invigilators and any other roles involved in delivery or grading of the EPA specified within this EPA plan. This should include how to record the rationale and evidence for grading decisions where required
	 standardise all assessors, before allowing them to deliver EPAs and:
	o when the EPA is updated
	o at least once a year
	o moderate their decisions once EPAs have begun

Roles	Responsibilities
	develop and produce assessment materials including specifications and marking materials (for example mark schemes, practice materials, training material)
	 maintain and apply a policy for the declaration and management of conflict of interests and independence which ensures, as a minimum, no personal benefit or detriment is received by those delivering the EPA or from the result of an assessment and covers:
	monitor the performance of all assessors and provide re-training where necessary
	develop and provide assessment recording documentation to ensure a clear and auditable process is in place for providing assessment decisions and feedback to all relevant stakeholders
	use language in the development and delivery of the EPA that is appropriate to the level of the degree-apprenticeship
	 arrange for the EPA to take place in a timely manner, in consultation with the employer
	 provide information, advice and guidance documentation to enable apprentices, employers and training providers to prepare for the EPA
	confirm all gateway requirements have been met
	 host and facilitate the EPA or make suitable alternative arrangements
	 maintain the security of the EPA including, but not limited to, verifying the identity of the apprentice, invigilation, security of materials
	where the EPA plan permits assessment away from the workplace, ensure that the apprentice has access to the required resources and liaise with the employer to agree this if necessary
	confirm the overall EPA grade

Roles	Responsibilities
	 arrange the certification of the degree-apprenticeship conduct appeals where required, according to the EPAO's appeals procedure
	As a minimum, the training provider (HEP) must:
	conform to the requirements of the register of apprenticeship training providers (RoATP)
	ensure procedures are in place to mitigate against any conflict of interest
	work with the employer and support the apprentice during the off-the-job training to provide the opportunities to develop the knowledge, skills and behaviours as outlined in the apprenticeship standard
	deliver training to apprentices as outlined in their learner agreement
	monitor the apprentice's progress during any training provider led on-programme learning
	ensure the apprentice is prepared for the EPA
	advise the employer, upon request, on the apprentice's readiness for EPA
Training provider - HEP	ensure that all supporting evidence required at the gateway is submitted in accordance with this EPA plan
	As a minimum, an independent assessor must:
	be independent, with no conflict of interest with the apprentice, their employer or training provider, specifically, they must not receive a personal benefit or detriment from the result of the assessment
Independent assessor	not be employed by the same organisation as the apprentice or drawn from an organisation on IfATE's directory of professional and employer-led bodies that supports external quality assurance.

Roles	Responsibilities
	be current and active in the occupation, for example be sourced from the industry or a professional body
	have, maintain and be able to evidence up-to-date knowledge and expertise of the occupation
	have authority to represent the professional body where the EPA is acting as the professional body's assessment process (if necessary and permitted in the EPA plan)
	have the competence to assess the EPA and meet the requirements of the IQA section of this EPA plan
	understand the degree-apprenticeship (occupational standard and EPA plan)
	attend induction and standardisation events before they conduct an EPA for the first time, when the EPA is updated, and at least once a year
	use language in the delivery of the EPA that is appropriate to the level of the degree-apprenticeship
	work with other personnel, including additional assessors where used, in the preparation and delivery of assessment methods
	conduct the EPA to assess the apprentice against the KSBs and in accordance with the EPA plan
	make all final grading decisions on an apprentice's occupational competence in accordance with grading descriptors in this EPA plan
	if an assessor panel is used, the independent assessor must chair and make final grading decisions
	record and report all assessment outcome decisions for each apprentice
	comply with the IQA requirements of the EPAO
	comply with external quality assurance (EQA) requirements

Roles	Responsibilities
	As a minimum, the external examiner must:
	 confirm the EPA has been delivered in accordance with the EPA plan
	accept, and therefore not change, the EPA grading decisions made by the independent assessor
	 comply with the requirements of the EPA plan and IfATE policies
	 comply with the requirements, policies, and procedures of the EQA provider
	be independent of the apprentice, and the employing organisation who are involved in delivering the degree-apprenticeship
	be independent of the delivery and awarding of the EPA
External examiner	not have been involved in the teaching or on- programme assessment of the apprentice

Reasonable adjustments

Edit reasonable adjustments form

Reasonable adjustments

The EPAO must have reasonable adjustments arrangements for the EPA.

This should include:

- how an apprentice qualifies for a reasonable adjustment
- what reasonable adjustments may be made

Adjustments must maintain the validity, reliability and integrity of the EPA as outlined in this EPA plan.

Special considerations

The EPAO must have special consideration arrangements for the EPA.

This should include:

- how an apprentice qualifies for a special consideration
- what special considerations will be given

Special considerations must maintain the validity, reliability and integrity of the EPA as outlined in this EPA plan.

Internal quality assurance

Edit internal quality assurance form

They must also appoint independent assessors who:

- have recent relevant experience of the occupation or sector to at least occupational level 6 gained in the last 3 years or significant experience of the occupation or sector
- meet the following minimum requirements:
 - will typically have professional recognition at incorporated engineer level or above by a professional body recognised by the engineering council.

Value for money

Edit value for money form

Affordability of the EPA will be aided by using at least some of the following:

- utilising digital remote platforms to conduct applicable assessment methods
- using the employer's premises
- conducting assessment methods on the same day

Professional recognition

Edit professional recognition form

This degree-apprenticeship aligns with:

Institute of Engineering and Technology (IET) for Incorporated Engineer (IEng)

Mapping of KSBs to assessment methods

Edit mapping of ksbs to assessment methods form

Knowledge	Assessment methods
K1	
Safety and security legislation, regulations and standards associated with an electrical and electronic engineering environment. Cyber security and statutory safety standards.	Project with report, presentation and questioning

Knowledge	Assessment methods
К2	
Hazards, risks and safe systems of work in an electrical and electronic engineering environment including design safety of high voltage systems.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
К3	
Principles and applications of mechanics in an electrical and electronic engineering environment: motion, energy and force to ensure that systems and components function safely, efficiently and reliably.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K4	
Factors that determine material, equipment and component selection. For example, quality, efficiency, performance, manpower and layout.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K5	
Verbal communication techniques. Giving and receiving information. Matching style to audience. Barriers in communication and ways to overcome them.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K6	
Principles of mathematics and scientific methods including analytical techniques. Evaluating statistical data, complex numbers and matrices required in an electrical and electronic engineering environment.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
К7	
Electrical and electronic engineering principles used in the design and development of components equipment and systems including electromagnetism, the laws and theorems that govern electronic circuits: function of common digital and analogue electronic devices, passive circuit behaviour, modelling circuits, active electronic components, transformers, AC/DC, power electronics, motors and drives.	Project with report, presentation and questioning

Knowledge	Assessment methods
K8 Data collection, storage, and presentation techniques.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K9 Project commercials: delays, changes and impacts.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K10	
Techniques used for improving and enhancing electrical and electronic components, equipment and systems: safety, reliability, quality, performance and sustainability.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K11	
Problem solving tools and techniques for establishing performance characteristics, for example: Define, Measure, Analyse, Improve and Control (DMAIC), Failure Mode Effect Analysis (FMEA), Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA), Fishbone diagrams.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K12	
Workplace training and development techniques: personal and professional development. Coaching and transfer of knowledge.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K13	Professional discussion
Processes used to optimise safety, efficiency, performance, productivity and sustainability.	underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K14	Professional discussion underpinned by a
Quality management and assurance processes.	portfolio of evidence
K15	
Management of change (MOC) processes: requesting change, determining viability, planning, implementing and evaluating changes to a product, system or component. Use of data to	Project with report, presentation and questioning

Knowledge	Assessment methods
support change. Adherence to MOC, risks and limitations of MOC approval.	
K16	
Principles of Computer Aided Design (CAD) and the application in an electrical and electronic engineering environment.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K17 Principles and applications of simulation software in an electrical and electronic engineering environment.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K18 Project management techniques for project delivery: planning, cost and budget control, risk, and quality.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K19	
Current and emerging technology in an electrical and electronic engineering environment: mechanical and electrical integration, digitalisation, artificial intelligence, Internet of Things, automation, robotics, 3D printing, awareness of cloud computing and cyber security.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K20	
Control and instrumentation: principles of analogue and digital control systems including transducer systems and operation; measurement applications and error; principles of closed loop control systems, block diagrams.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K21 Collaboration working methods with stakeholders: best practice, quality and performance measures, issue resolution.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K22	Project with report, presentation and questioning

Knowledge	Assessment methods
Manufacturing methods, processes and technologies, for example assembling components or sub-systems into finished electrical and electronic equipment or systems.	
K23 Teamwork and leadership: negotiation techniques, conflict management and development techniques.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K24	
Written communication techniques. Plain English principles. Electrical and electronic engineering terminology. Report writing, presentations, data analysis documentation.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K25 Equity, diversity, and inclusion in the workplace. Unconscious bias.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K26	
Environmental and sustainability legislation, regulations and standards associated with an electrical and electronic engineering environment. Carbon zero, recycling and reusability targets.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K27 Project documentation: ownership, company procedures, selection and appropriate use.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
K28	Professional discussion
Pre-operation checks required on electrical and electronic systems and components.	underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
K29	
Digital and embedded system principles including embedded systems and their development, number systems, Boolean algebra, logic gates, logic expressions, combinational logic,	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

Knowledge	Assessment methods
analogue to digital and digital to analogue converters, computer and microcomputer systems and architectures.	
K30	
Principles of software development and testing including coding languages and methodologies used to evaluate and verify the software meets the required specification in an electrical and electronic engineering environment.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
Skill	Assessment methods
S1	
Translate conceptual ideas or technical requirements into developmental outcomes, operational designs, or specifications for electrical and electronic projects or programmes of work.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
Select, use and apply approved problem-solving methods to solve problems and determine solutions or actions.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
S3 Collate, store, use and present data and supporting documentation.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S4	
Interpret and produce technical documentation such as schematic and circuit diagrams, engineering drawings or 3D CAD models, simulation models, engineering reports, test reports, fault reports or data analytics.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S5 Observe, record and draw accurate and auditable conclusions from data evidence.	Project with report, presentation and questioning

Knowledge	Assessment methods
S6	
Manage assigned projects or programmes of work, taking into account factors such as planning, safety, quality, cost, performance and sustainability.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S7 Apply processes for project or programme management such as escalation, audit or risk management and risk mitigation.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S8	
Comply with statutory and organisational safety and security standards and requirements, supporting safety risk assessments and mitigate any risks identified within the design, manufacture, development or test activity.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S9	
Identify and use processes, resources and technologies to complete electrical and electronic engineering projects or programmes of work.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S10	
Apply quality management and assurance processes to identify and rectify faults, inaccuracies, discrepancies or unexpected results during the electrical and electronic engineering process.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
S11 Carry out pre operations checks of electrical and electronic engineering systems and equipment before use.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
S12	
Manage continuous improvement activities using techniques such as such as Six Sigma, 5s, Kaizen, Lean, Kanban, Statistical Process Control or Value Stream Mapping.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

Knowledge	Assessment methods
S13 Create, maintain and review project documentation. Record and action any non-conformities.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S14 Communicate with others verbally, for example colleagues and stakeholders.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
S15 Communicate in writing, for example technical reports, documents and presentations.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S16 Collaborate with colleagues and stakeholders. Manage differing and competing interests with stakeholders.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
S17 Identify and complete opportunities for personal and professional development including keeping up to date with current and emerging technology.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
S18 Apply and promote policies and practices to support equity, diversity and inclusion.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
S19 Consider management of change (MOC) requirements when undertaking manufacturing projects or programmes of work.	Project with report, presentation and questioning
S20 Comply with environmental and sustainability legislation, regulations and standards associated with the manufacturing engineering environment. Uses resources efficiently, for example waste minimisation.	Project with report, presentation and questioning

Knowledge	Assessment methods
S21	Professional discussion underpinned by a
Ensure equipment is managed and maintained.	portfolio of evidence
S22	Professional discussion
Optimise processes and procedures, such as relating to	underpinned by a
safety, efficiency, performance, productivity and sustainability.	portfolio of evidence
S23	
Ensure that all systems or equipment has been correctly	Project with report,
configured, checked and tested for safe operation, efficiency	presentation and
and reliability.	questioning
Behaviour	Assessment methods
B1	Project with report,
	presentation and
Promotes a healthy and safe working environment.	questioning
B2	Professional discussion
Take responsibility for the compliance and quality of work in	underpinned by a
their area and enable others to meet these standards.	portfolio of evidence
В3	Professional discussion
	underpinned by a
Agile and resilient in dealing with new and changing situations.	portfolio of evidence
B4	Professional discussion
Supportive of the needs and concerns of others, especially	underpinned by a
where this relates to diversity and inclusion.	portfolio of evidence
B5	
Committed to maintaining and enhancing competence of self	Professional discussion
and others through Continued Professional Development	underpinned by a
and others through Continued Froressional Development	

Behaviour	Assessment methods
B6 Acts in an ethical and professional manner.	Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence
B7 Leads by example being an advocate for change and sustainable approaches.	Project with report, presentation and questioning

Mapping of KSBs to grade themes

Edit add grade themes formEdit mapping of ksbs to grade themes form

Project with report, presentation and questioning

KSBS GROUPED BY THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
Project delivery K3 K4 K6 K7 K8 K15 K16 K17 K22 K24 K27 S1 S3 S4 S5 S9 S13 S15 S19 S23	Principles and applications of mechanics in an electrical and electronic engineering environment: motion, energy and force to ensure that systems and components function safely, efficiently and reliably. (K3) Factors that determine material, equipment and component selection. For example, quality, efficiency, performance, manpower and layout. (K4) Principles of mathematics and scientific methods including analytical techniques. Evaluating statistical data, complex numbers and matrices required in an electrical and	Translate conceptual ideas or technical requirements into developmental outcomes, operational designs, or specifications for electrical and electronic projects or programmes of work. (S1) Collate, store, use and present data and supporting documentation. (S3) Interpret and produce technical documentation such as schematic and circuit diagrams, engineering drawings	None

KSBS			
GROUPED BY	,	Q1 '''	
THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
	electronic engineering environment. (K6) Electrical and electronic engineering principles used in the design and development of components equipment and systems including electromagnetism, the laws and theorems that govern electronic circuits: function of common digital and analogue electronic devices, passive circuit behaviour, modelling circuits, active electronic components, transformers, AC/DC, power electronics, motors and drives. (K7) Data collection, storage, and presentation techniques. (K8) Management of change (MOC) processes: requesting change, determining viability, planning, implementing and evaluating changes to a product, system or component. Use of data to support change. Adherence to MOC, risks and limitations of MOC approval. (K15) Principles of Computer Aided Design (CAD) and the application in an electrical	or 3D CAD models, simulation models, engineering reports, test reports or data analytics. (S4) Observe, record and draw accurate and auditable conclusions from data evidence. (S5) Identify and use processes, resources and technologies to complete electrical and electronic engineering projects or programmes of work. (S9) Create, maintain and review project documentation. Record and action any non-conformities. (S13) Communicate in writing, for example technical reports, documents and presentations. (S15) Consider management of change (MOC) requirements when undertaking	

KSBS GROUPED BY THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
	and electronic engineering environment. (K16) Principles and applications of simulation software in an electrical and electronic engineering environment. (K17) Manufacturing methods, processes and technologies, for example assembling components or sub-systems into finished electrical and electronic equipment or systems. (K22) Written communication techniques. Plain English principles. Electrical and electronic engineering terminology. Report writing, presentations, data analysis documentation. (K24) Project documentation: ownership, company procedures, selection and appropriate use. (K27)	manufacturing projects or programmes of work. (S19) Ensure that all systems or equipment has been correctly configured, checked and tested for safe operation, efficiency and reliability. (S23)	
Safety and sustainability K1 K2 K26 S8 S20 B1 B7	Safety and security legislation, regulations and standards associated with an electrical and electronic engineering environment. Cyber security and statutory safety standards. (K1)	Comply with statutory and organisational safety and security standards and requirements, supporting safety risk assessments and mitigate any risks identified within the	Promotes a healthy and safe working environment. (B1) Leads by example being an advocate for

KSBS GROUPED BY THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
	Hazards, risks and safe systems of work in an electrical and electronic engineering environment including design safety of high voltage systems. (K2) Environmental and sustainability legislation, regulations and standards associated with an electrical and electronic engineering environment. Carbon zero, recycling and reusability targets. (K26)	design, manufacture, development or test activity. (S8) Comply with environmental and sustainability legislation, regulations and standards associated with the manufacturing engineering environment. Uses resources efficiently, for example waste minimisation. (S20)	change and sustainable approaches. (B7)
Leadership and management K9 K18 S6 S7	Project commercials: delays, changes and impacts. (K9) Project management techniques for project delivery: planning, cost and budget control, risk, and quality. (K18)	Manage assigned projects or programmes of work, taking into account factors such as planning, safety, quality, cost, performance and sustainability. (S6) Apply processes for project or programme management such as escalation, audit or risk management and risk mitigation. (S7)	None

Professional discussion underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

KSBS GROUPED BY			
THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
Electrical and electronic activities K20 K28 K29 K30	Control and instrumentation: principles of analogue and digital control systems including transducer systems and operation; measurement applications and error; principles of closed loop control systems, block diagrams. (K20) Pre-operation checks required on electrical and electronic systems and components. (K28) Digital and embedded system principles including embedded systems and their development, number systems, Boolean algebra, logic gates, logic expressions, combinational logic, analogue to digital and digital to analogue converters, computer and microcomputer systems and architectures. (K29) Principles of software development and testing including coding languages and methodologies used to evaluate and verify the software meets the required specification in an electrical and electronic engineering environment. (K30)	Carry out pre operations checks of electrical and electronic engineering systems and equipment before use. (S11) Ensure equipment is managed and maintained. (S21)	None
S11 S21	. ,	, ,	

KSBS GROUPED BY			
THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
		Select, use and apply approved problemsolving methods to solve problems and determine solutions or actions. (S2) Apply quality management and	
	Techniques used for improving and enhancing electrical and electronic components, equipment and systems: safety, reliability, quality, performance and sustainability. (K10)	assurance processes to identify and rectify faults, inaccuracies, discrepancies or unexpected results during the electrical and electronic engineering process. (S10)	
Problem	Problem solving tools and techniques for establishing performance characteristics, for example: Define, Measure, Analyse, Improve and Control (DMAIC), Failure Mode Effect Analysis (FMEA), Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA), Fishbone diagrams. (K11)	Manage continuous improvement activities using techniques such as such as such as Six Sigma, 5s, Kaizen, Lean, Kanban, Statistical Process Control or Value Stream Mapping. (S12)	Take responsibility for the compliance and quality of work in their area
solving and improvement K10 K11 K13 K14 S2 S10 S12 S22 B2 B3	Processes used to optimise safety, efficiency, performance, productivity and sustainability. (K13) Quality management and assurance processes. (K14)	Optimise processes and procedures, such as relating to safety, efficiency, performance, productivity and sustainability. (S22)	and enable others to meet these standards. (B2) Agile and resilient in dealing with new and changing situations. (B3)

KSBS			
GROUPED BY			
THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
	Verbal communication techniques. Giving and receiving information. Matching style to audience. Barriers in communication and ways to overcome them. (K5)		
	Workplace training and development techniques: personal and professional development. Coaching and transfer of knowledge. (K12)	Communicate with others verbally, for example colleagues and stakeholders. (S14)	
	Current and emerging technology in an electrical and electronic engineering environment: mechanical and electrical integration, digitalisation, artificial intelligence, Internet of Things, automation, robotics, 3D printing, awareness of cloud computing and cyber security. (K19)	Collaborate with colleagues and stakeholders. Manage differing and competing interests with stakeholders. (S16) Identify and complete opportunities for personal and professional	Supportive of the needs and concerns of others, especially where this relates to diversity and inclusion. (B4) Committed to maintaining and enhancing
Values and professional behaviours K5 K12 K19 K21 K23 K25 S14 S16 S17 S18 B4 B5 B6	Collaboration working methods with stakeholders: best practice, quality and performance measures, issue resolution. (K21) Teamwork and leadership: negotiation techniques, conflict management and development techniques. (K23)	development including keeping up to date with current and emerging technology. (S17) Apply and promote policies and practices to support equity, diversity and inclusion. (S18)	competence of self and others through Continued Professional Development (CPD). (B5) Acts in an ethical and professional manner. (B6)

KSBS GROUPED BY THEME	Knowledge	Skills	Behaviour
	Equity, diversity, and inclusion in the workplace. Unconscious bias. (K25)		

Supporting information

External quality assurance

Edit external quality assurance - eqa form

Option selected: Office for Students (OfS)

Involved employers

BMW Group UK, EEF, Ford, GTA England, Institution of Mechanical Engineers, Jaguar Land Rover, NFEC, Siemens, Toyota Manufacturing UK, Vauxhall Motors

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EPA menu